

# **DIAMICRON®MR 60 mg**

## Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains

- important information for you.

   Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
  This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, eyen if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

- What is in this leaflet

  1. What DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet is and what it is used for

  2. What you need to know before you take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet

  3. How to take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet
- How to take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet
   Contents of the pack and other information

1. What Diamicron MR 60mg, modified release tablet is and what it is used for DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet is a medicine that reduces blood sugar levels (oral antidiabetic medicine belonging to the sullonylurae group).
DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet is used in a certain form of diabetes (type 2 diabetes mellitus) in adults, when diet, exercise and weight loss alone do not have an adequate effect on keeping blood sugar at the correct level.

## ore you take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet:

- 2. What you need to know before you take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet:

  Do not take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified-release tablet:

   if you are allergic to gliclazide or any of the other ingredients of DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet (listed in section 6), or to other medicines of the same group (sulfonylurea), or to other related medicines (hypoglycaemic sulfonamides);

   if you have insulin-dependent diabetes (type 1);

   if you have kenone bodies and sugar in your urnie (this may mean you have diabetic keto-acidosis), a diabetic pre-coma or coma;

   if you are taking medicines to treat fungal infections (miconazole) (see section "Other medicines and DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet");

   if you are breastfeeding (see section "Pregnancy and breastfeeding").

  Warnings and precautions

If you are breastfeeding (see section "Pregnancy and breastfeeding").
 Warnings and precautions
 Talk to your doctor before taking DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet.
 You should observe the treatment plan prescribed by your doctor to achieve proper blood sugar levels. This means, apart from regular tablet intake, to observe the dietary regimen, have physical exercise and, where necessary, reduce weight.
 During gilcazide treatment regular monitoring of your blood (and possibly urine) sugar level and also your glycated haemoglobin (libA1 c) is necessary.
 In the first few weeks of treatment the risk of having reduced blood sugar levels (hypoglycaemia) may be increased. So particularly close medical monitoring is necessary.
 Low blood sugar (Hypoglycaemia) may occur:

 If you take meals irregularly or skip meals altogether, if you are fasting.
 If you are malnourished,
 If you are malnourished.

- if you change your diet,

- if you are malnourished,
- if you increase your physical activity and carbohydrate intake does not match this increase,
- if you increase your physical activity and carbohydrate intake does not match this increase,
- if you take other medicines or natural remedies at the same time,
- if you take too high doese of gliclazide,
- if you suffer from particular hormone-induced disorders (functional disorders of the thyroid gland, of the pituitary gland or adrenal cortex),
- if your kidney function or liver function is severely decreased.
If you have low blood sugar you may have the following symptoms: headache, intense hunger, nausea, vomiting,
weariness, sleep disorders, restlessness, aggressiveness, poor concentration, reduced alertness and reaction time,
depression, confusion, speech or visual disorders, tremor, sensory disturbances, dizatizens and helplessness.
The following signs and symptoms may also occur: sweating, clammy skin, anxiety, fast or irregular heart beat, high
blood pressure, sudden strong pain in the chest that may radiate into nearby areas (angina pectors).
If blood sugar levels continue to drop you may suffer from considerable confusion (delirium), develop convulsions, lose
self control, your breathing may be shallow and your heart beat slowed down, you may become unconscious.
In most cases the symptoms of low blood sugar vanish very quickly when you consume some form of sugar (for instance
glucose tablests, sugar cubes, sweet juice, sweetened tea).
You should therefore always carry some form of sugar with you (glucose tablets, sugar cubes). Remember that artificial
sweeteners are not effective. Please contact your doctor or the nearest hospital if taking sugar does not help or if the
symptoms recur.

You should therefore always carry some form of sugar with you (glucose tablets, sugar cubes). Remember that artificial sweeteners are not effective. Please contact your doctor or the nearest hospital it laking sugar does not help or it the symptoms recur.

Symptoms of low blood sugar may be absent, less obvious or develop very slowly or you are not aware in time that your blood sugar level has dropped. This may happen if you are an elderly patient taking certain medicines (for instance, those acting on the central nervous system and best blockers). If you are in stress-stuations (accidents, surgical operations, fever etc.) your doctor may temporarily switch you to insulin therapy.

Symptoms of high blood sugar (hyperglyscamia) may occur when glicatade has not yet sufficiently reduced the blood sugar, when you have not complied with the treatment plan prescribed by your doctor. If you take \$1,0 in's Wort (Hypericum perforatum) preparations (see section 'Other medicines and DIAMICKOM MR 60 mg, modified release tablet'), or in special stress situations. These may include thirst, frequent urination, dry mouth, dry tichy skin, skin in the stream of the stream time than medicines belonging to a class of antibiotics called fluoroquinolones, especially in elderly patients. In this case, your doctor will remind you the importance of monitoring your blood glucose. If you have a family history of or know you have the hereditary condition glucose-6-phosphate delydrogenase (G6PD) deficiency (abnormality of red blood cells), lowering of the haemoeglobin level and breakdown of red blood cells (haemolytic anaemia) can occur. Contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.
Cases of acute porphyria have been described with some other suffonylurea drugs, in patients who have porphyria (inherited genetic disorders with accumulation in the body of porphyrin

- medicines containing alcohol.

The blood glucose lowering effect of gliclazide may be weakened and raised blood sugar levels may occur when one of the following medicines is taken:

- medicines to reat disorders of the central nervous system (chlorpromazine),
- medicines reducing inflammation (corticosteroids),
- medicines retura stambar or used during labour (intravenous salbutamol, ritodrine and terbutaline),
- medicines to treat stemas disorders, heavy menstrual bleeding and endometriosis (danazol)
- St John's Wort-Hypericum perforatum- preparations.

Blood glucose disturbance (low blood sugar and high blood sugar) can occur when a medicine belonging to a class of antibiotics called fluoroquinolones is taken at the same time than DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, especially in elderly patients.

DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet may increase the effects of medicines which reduce blood ciotting (warfarin). clotting (warfarin).

Consult your doctor before you start taking another medicinal product. If you go into hospital tell the medical staff you are taking DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet.

DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet with food, drink and alcohol

DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet can be taken with food and non-alcoholic drinks. Drinking alcohol is not

DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet can be taken with food and non-alcoholic drinks. Drinking alcohol is not recommended as it can alter the control of your diabetes in an unpredictable manner. Pregnancy and breastfeeding DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet is not recommended for use during pregnancy. If you are pregnant, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor for advice before taking this medicine. You must not take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet while you are breastfeeding. Driving and using machines:

You must not take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, mounted season and must not take DIAMICRON mg, mounted season briving and using machines

Your ability to concentrate or react may be impaired if your blood sugar is too low (hypoglycaemia), or too high
(hyperglycaemia) or if you develop visual problems as a result of such conditions. Bear in mind that you could endanger
yourself or others (for instance when driving a car or using maschines).

yourself or others (for instance when driving a car or using maschines).

Please ask your doctor whether you can drive a car if you:

- have frequent episodes of low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia),

- have few or no warning signals of low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia).

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- DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet contains lactose.

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

## How to take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if

raways take this menunne eastery as your outcome pharmacus has tone you check with your outcome in pharmacus in you are not strengther than the pharmacus in the control of the pharmacus in the pharmacus in the strength of the pharmacus in the strength reduction, change in life style, stress) or improvements in the blood sugar control may require changed factors (weight reduction, change in life style, stress) or improvements in the blood sugar control may require changed

factors (weight reduction, change in life style, stress) or improvements in the blood sugar control may require changed gliclazide doses.

The recommended daily dose is half to two tablets (maximum 120 mg) in a single intake at breakfast time. This depends on the response to treatment. The tablet can be divided into equal doses.

DIAMICRON MR 60mg, modified release tablet is for oral use. Take your tablet(s) with a glass of water at breakfast time (and preferably at the same time each day). Swallow your half leable or whole tablet(s) in one piece. Do not chew or crush. You must always eat a meal after taking your tablet(s).

If a combination therapy of DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet with metformin, an alpha glucosidase inhibitor, a thiazolidinedione, a dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitor, a GLP-1 receptor agonist or insulin is initiated, your doctor will determine the proper dose of each medicine individually for you.

If you notice that your blood sugar levels are high although you are taking the medicine as prescribed, you should contact your doctor or pharmacist.

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If you take more DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet than you should If you take too many tablets, contact your doctor or the nearest hospital Accident & Emergency department immediately. The signs of overdose are those of low blood sugar (hypoglycaemia) described in Section 2. The symptoms can be helped by taking sugar (4 to 6 lumps) or sugary drinks straight away, followed by a substantial snack or meal. If the patient is unconscious, immediately inform a doctor and call the emergency services. The same should be done if somebody (for instance a child) has taken the product unintentionally. Unconscious patients must not be given food or drink.

\*\*Local-lab was more that these is a lauves a proximitered norman that can call all doctor in case of emergency.

It should be ensured that there is always a pre-informed person that can call a doctor in case of emergency If you forget to take DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet

II you torget to take DIAMICRON NR 60 mg, modified release tablet
It is important to take your medicine every day as regular treatment works better.
However, If you forget to take a dose of DIAMICRON NR 60 mg, modified release tablet, take the next dose at the usual time. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.
If you stop taking DIAMICRON NR 60 mg, modified release tablet
As the treatment for diabetes is usually life long, you should discuss with your doctor before stopping this medicinal product. Stopping could cause high blood sugar (hyperglycaemia) which increases the risk of developing complications of diabetes.

If you have any further questions on the use of this product, ask your doctor or pharmacist

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Like air medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. The most commonly observed side effect is low blood sugar (hyopoglycamia), For symptoms and signs see section "Warnings and precautions" if left untreated, these symptoms could progress to drowsiness, loss of consciousness or possibly coma. If an episode of low blood sugar is severe or prolonged, even if it is temporarily controlled by eating sugar, you should seek immediate medical attention.

Liker disorders

There have been isolated reports of abnormal liver function, which can cause yellow skin and eyes. If you get this, see your doctor immediately. The symptoms generally disappear if the medicine is stopped. Your doctor will decide whether to ston your treatment.

to stop your treatment Skin disorders

Skin disorders

Skin reactions such as rash, redness, itching, hives, blisters, angloedema (rapid swelling of tissues such as eyelids, face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat that may result in breathing difficulty) have been reported. Rash may progress to widespread blistering or peeling of the skin. If you develop hits, stop taking DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, seek urgent advice from a doctor and tell him that you are taking this medicine.

Exceptionally, signs of severe hypersensitivity reactions (DRESS) have been reported: initially as flu-like symptoms and a rash on the face then an extended rash with a high temperature.

Blood disorders:

Docrease in the number of cells in the blood (e.g. platelets, red and white blood cells) which may cause paleness, prolonged bleeding, bruising, sore throat and fever have been reported. These symptoms usually vanish when the eatment is discontinued. Digestive disorders

Digastive disorders
Abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, indigestion, diarrhoea, and constipation. These effects are reduced when
DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet is taken with a meal as recommended.
Eye disorders
Your vision may be affected for a short time especially at the start of treatment. This effect is due to changes in blood
sugar levels.
As for other sulfonylureas, the following adverse events have been observed: cases of severe changes in the number of
blood cells and allergic inflammation of the wall of blood vesless and cosdoutin (hyponoantaremia), sympos of liver impairment (for instance jaundice) which in most cases disappeared after withdrawal of the sulfonylurea, but
may lead to life-threatening liver failure in isolated cases. may lead to life-threatening liver failure in isolated cases.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system. By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

a. HOW TO STOPE DEASHLEAUN MER 60 mg, modified release tablet

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the carton and the blister strip after EXP. The expiry
date refers to the last day of that month.w

Store in the original outer packaging.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. Contents of the pack and other information
What DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet contains:
The active substance is gilciazide. Each modified release tablet contains 60 mg of gilciazide,
The other ingredients are: lactose monohydrate, maltodextrin, hypromellose, magnesium st What DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet looks like and contents of the pack:

What DIAMICRON MR 60 mg, modified release tablet looks like and contents of the pack:
DIAMICRON MR 60 mg is a white oblong modified release tablet, and engraved "DIA 60" on both faces.
The tablets are available in blister packed in cartons of 10,30 or 60 tablets.
Not all pack sizes may be available.
This leaflet was last approved in 02.2020
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